

New opportunities for site builders!



- Module overview What is it and why do I need it?
- Advanced features: Rule Sets and scheduling
- Usage example: Build a publishing workflow
- How modules can use the rules API to extend it.
- Comparison to the trigger module and drupal actions
- Outlook

Yho am I?

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- Part-time drupal developer from Vienna, Austria
- Studying "Information & Knowledge Management" and "Computational Intelligence" at the Vienna University of Technology
- Joined the drupal community in 2006 (Google Summer of Code project "Node Profile")
- Contributed modules: Content Access, Auto Nodetitle, Fieldgroup, Workflow-ng, Node Profile, Node Family, ...

Module overview - What is it?

- define conditionally executed actions based on occurring events
- a replacement with more features for the trigger module in core
- the successor of the drupal 5 compatible workflow-ng module

Triggered Rules

- Users surfing on your drupal site generate events.
- When the event is triggered associated rules are evaluated.
- E.g. rules:
 - "After saving new content" show a message to the user.
 - When a "User has logged in" and the "User has not the role admin", "Redirect him to 'dashboard'"

Some features...

- Import / Export
- a flexible scheduling system
- a modular input evaluation system (token, ..)
- Grouping rules in "Rule Sets"
- developed with performance in mind
- A well documented and solid API, which allows modules to
 - provide further conditions, actions and events
 - configure default rules and rule sets

Argument based configuration

- Actions and conditions need some specified arguments to work with, e.g. some content and a user account
- Events provides these arguments, e.g.
 - the updated content
 - the acting user
 - the author of the updated content
- So you can configure every condition and action for an event, if the needed arguments are available!
- Actions can provide new variables, which can be used as argument too!



- Inform users, when their content has been edited by another user!
- Let's do it!

Editing rule Notify the content author about changes from other users

Rule settings

Label: *

Notify the content author about changes from other users

Choose an appropriate label for this rule.

Event: *

After updating existing content

Select the event on which you want to evaluate this rule.

☑ This rule is active and should be evaluated when the associated event occurs.

Weight:



Adjust the weight to customize the ordering of rules.

Save changes



Features: Input evaluation

- Rules comes with support for token replacements and PHP input evaluation
- You can use input evaluation in every textfield!
- Input evaluators can make use of all available variables like
 - the updated content
 - the acting user
 - the author of the updated content
 - the unchanged content

Features: Rule Sets

- similar in concept to subroutines
- can be easily invoked by actions or modules
- rule sets always works upon some specified arguments, with which its rules can operate
- Define rule sets for common tasks and invoke it by action out of triggered rules when needed!

Features: Scheduling

- rules scheduler module
- Provides a new action for each rule set, which allows you to schedule the rule set execution.
- Specify dynamic scheduling dates and repeated tasks!
- Once the schedule date is reached, your rule set is invoked through cron.
- Schedule everything, by moving it into a rule set and scheduling the execution of this set!

Example: Make use of scheduling!

- A simple publishing workflow for jobs
 - Users my create job
 - Users may control whether there jobs are published
- When users leave jobs unpublished, we send them a "Reminder" that they have an unpublished job by mail!
 - A rule set is scheduled to be executed one day after the job has been created.
 - When the job isn't published, the reminder is sent and the rule-set re-scheduled.
 - So the user gets daily reminders, until he publishes or deletes the job.

Integrate your module with rules

- Use the rules API to
 - provide further conditions, actions
 - provide further events with dynamic loading of available arguments
 - configure default rules and rule sets
 - provide new data types
 - provide further input evaluators

Example action: Set the content author

<?php

```
/**
 * Implementation of hook rules action info
 */
function yourModule rules action info() {
  return arrav(
    'yourModule action node set author' => array(
      'label' => t('Set the content author'),
      'arguments' => arrav(
        'node' => array('type' => 'node', 'label' => t('Content')),
        'author' => array('type' => 'user', 'label' => t('User, which is set as author'))
      ),
      'module' => 'Node',
    ),
/**
 * Action: Sets the node author
 */
function yourModule action node set author($node, $author) {
  $node->uid = $author->uid;
  $node->name = $author->name;
  return array('node' => $node);
```

Example: Check a content type

- Condition provided by rules
- Condition is configurable \rightarrow the user selects the content types to check for.

```
<?php
Θ
3/**
* Implementation of hook rules condition info()
*/
ifunction node rules condition info() {
   $items = array();
   $items['rules condition content is type'] = array(
     'label' => t('Content has type'),
     'arguments' => array(
       'node' => array('type' => 'node', 'label' => t('Content')),
    ),
     'module' => 'Node'.
     'help' => t('Evaluates to TRUE, if the given content has one of the selected con
  );
  return $items;
∋/**
 * Condition: Check for content types - Configuration form
 */

function rules condition content is type form($settings, &$form) {

   $form['settings']['type'] = array(
     '#type' => 'select',
     '#title' => t('Content types'),
     '#options' => node get types('names'),
     '#multiple' => TRUE,
     '#default value' => isset($settings['type']) ? $settings['type'] : array(),
     '#required' => TRUE,
  );
 }
 /**
 * Condition: Check for selected content types
  */
stype(&$node, $settings) {
   return in array($node->type, $settings['type']);
 }
```

Summary: Site building with rules

- Quickly build new functionality by configuring some rules
- Import/Export helps staging your rules to production sites!
- If you want version control for your rules, just provide them as default rules.
- Easily execute custom short code snippets with rules!
- Write new functionality by exposing new conditions, actions, events, ... and optimize code reuse! (More on this later...)

comparison to core actions

- 2 different kind of actions:
 - There are rules style actions and core style actions.
 - Rules makes use of the core style actions and provides the rules style actions for some cases.
- Why another kind of action?
 - to be able to work argument-based.
 - To make new features possible like
 - modular input evaluators
 - Exposing new variables to rules
- Rules actions work the same way as rules conditions

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- If it's possible to write your action as core action too, do it!
- Rules will be able to execute your action too, as well as other modules relying on core actions!
- To benefit from better integration with rules features like modular input evaluation and fancy labels, you can add some rules related stuff on top of the core action!
- Look at the documentation at http://drupal.org/node/299055

Rules vs Trigger module

- Rules provides more features

 (Conditionals, Logical operations, Rule Sets, Scheduling, Input Evaluators, Default rules, Import/Export, ..)
- Rules works argument based!
 - Expose a new event and be able to make use of all possible conditions and actions!
 - Expose a new action and use it with every possible event or rule set!
- Trigger module does not!
 - Expose a hook and use it with which actions?

Action code reuse and contexts ?

- When you write an action the goal is to be able to
 - use the action wherever possible!
 - So it shouldn't rely on any certain context!
- Trigger module unifies the context for the core actions of type user, node and comment! But..
 - The list of supported action types is fixed.
- How to make use of the context? E.g. for providing replacements when sending mail?
 - Trigger: The action has to support all possible contexts.

Optimizing code reuse!

- Rules internally keeps a list of all available variables and their types.
- Events expose available variables and actions my load further variables (Load a referenced node...)
- Conditions, Actions and input evaluators can easily work with them!
- So token replacements are just added for all available variables – there is no need to support a certain context!
- When conditions or actions need them, they can be loaded dynamically!

Developing new stuff with rules

- helps optimizing code reuse!
 - added events, conditions and actions can be used wherever possible!
- Eases and speeds up development!
 - When writing conditions, actions you don't have to care where to get your arguments from. Just specify you need them and use them!
- Minimizes the need of custom code!
- Helps upgrading to future versions:
 - Just upgrade custom rules integration and let your rules be upgraded automatically! 27.08.08, Wolfgang Ziegler

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- The first beta has just been released!
- The API is stable and modules can start adding module integration!
- The 1.0 release is expected to be seen soon, until then:
 - polish documentation
 - improve the usability (categories)
 - add views integrations to list scheduled rule sets
 - fix occurring bugs.

Outlook

- Work on the CCK integration (http://drupal.org/node/299706)
- Port workflow-ng extension modules
 - Logging module
 - States module \rightarrow CCK ?
 - CCLinks \rightarrow Flags?
- Future:
 - Add support for "Data sets" and looping through them. E.g. loop over multiple referenced nodes.
 - Integrate with WebServices, perhaps by integrating with the services module.